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AJMER STATE GOVERNMENT

Law and Judicial Department

Ajmer, the 6th July 1954

No. 14/17/54.L&J.—The following Eill is published under rule 90 ules of Procedure relating to the Ajmer Legislative Assembly ral information:—

BILL No. 9 of 1954

Bill to make provision for the prevention of smoking by young sons.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Ajmer as follows:—

Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Act may be the Ajmer Juvenile Smoking Prohibition Act, 1954.

tends to the whole of the State of Ajmer.

ons 1 and 2 shall come into force at once; and the remaints of this Act shall come into force on such date or dates. Government may by notification appoint, and different appointed for different areas or places in the State of

tation.—(1) In this Act unless there is anything repugubject or context;

Child' means a boy or a girl who has not attained the teen years;

- (b) 'cigarettes' include cut tobacco rolled up in paper, tobacc leaf or other material in such form as to be capable of immediate use for smoking;
- (c) 'notification' means a notification published in the Off cial Gazette:
- (d) 'public place' includes any public park, gardern, railwa station or railway carriage or any ground, building or premise to which the public for the time being have or are permitted t have access whether on payment or otherwise;
- (e) 'State Government' means the Chief Commissioner of th State of Ajmer;
- (2) The General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897) applies to the interpretation of this Act as it applies to the interpretation of a Centr Act.
- 3. Prohibition against sale of tobacco etc., to children.—(1) No pe son shall sell or deliver or supply to a child, whether for his own us or otherwise, any bidis, cigarettes, tobacco or any smoking mixtu intended as a substitute for tobacco.
- (2) Nothing in this Section shall make it an offence to delive bidis, cigarettes, tobacco or any smoking mixture intended as a substitute for tobacco to any child who is at the time employed by manufacturer or dealer in any such articles either wholesale or retafor the purpose of his business.
- (3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of thi shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate, in the case offence to a fine not exceeding ten rupees, in the case of offence to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees, and in the cathered or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding fifty rupe
- 4. Seizure by Police to tobacco etc., found with children.—(1) shall be the duty of every police officer to seize any bidis, eigarette tobacco or any smoking mixture intended as a substitute for tobacco in the possession of a child whom he finds smoking in any street public place and any such article so seized shall be forfeite. State Government; and every such officer shall be authorized any boy so found smoking but not a girl.
- (2) Nothing in this Section shall authorize the seizur article in the possession of any such child who is at the t by a manufacturer or dealer in any such articles effor retail for the purpose of his business.
- 5. Institutions of proceedings.—No Magistrate sl zance of an offence under this Act except upon com or at the instance of a police officer.
- 6. Offences under this Act to be tried summarily. under this Act shall be tried summarily in the manner summary trials in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898



STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The habit of smoking is getting common among juveniles. Smoking not only causes physical discomfort but also injury to health. The Government consider that it is necessary to supress the evil as far as possible and the Bill is intended to achieve this object. The present Bill penalizes the sale or giving of tobacco or cigarettes to a juvenile who has not completed his sixteenth year.

HARI BHAU UPADHYAYA.

Minister in-charge.

G. S. GAITONDE, Secretary to Govt., Ajmer.